## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1-10. (Canceled)

(Currently Amended) A method of preventing or treating a disorder characterized by amyloid deposition of  $A\beta$  peptide in a mammalian subject, comprising administering to the subject a dosage of an agent effective to produce an immune response comprising antibodies against an amyloid component characteristic of said disorder, wherein the amyloid component is  $A\beta$  peptide and an adjuvant that augments the immune response to the  $A\beta$  peptide, and thereby preventing or treating the disorder.

12-13: (Canceled)

- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said agent induces an immune response directed against a neoepitope formed by said amyloid component with respect to amyloid precursor protein.
  - 15. (Canceled)
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 58, wherein said agent is  $A\beta$  or a fragment thereof.
  - 17. (Canceled)
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein said administering includes administering a second amyloid component[[s]].
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 58, wherein said agent is a peptide linked to a carrier protein.

## 20. (Canceled)

- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of QS21, monophosphoryl lipid, and alum.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said immune response is characterized by a serum titer of the antibodies of at least 1:1000 with respect to said amyloid component.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein said serum titer of the antibodies is at least 1:5000 with respect to said amyloid component.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said immune response is characterized by a serum titer of the antibodies corresponding to greater than about four times higher than a serum titer of anti-A $\beta$  antibodies measured in a pre-treatment control serum sample.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein said serum titer of the antibodies is measured at a serum dilution of about 1:100.

## 26-57: (Canceled)

- 58. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the disorder is hereditary Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, hereditary cerebral hemorrhage <u>amyloidosis</u> (Dutch type), sporadic cerebral amyloid angiopathy, or inclusion body myositis.
- 59. (New) A method of prophylaxis of a disorder characterized by amyloid deposition of  $A\beta$  peptide in a mammalian subject, comprising administering to the subject a dosage of an agent effective to produce an immune response comprising antibodies against an amyloid component characteristic of said disorder, wherein the amyloid component is  $A\beta$  peptide and an adjuvant that augments the immune response to the  $A\beta$  peptide, and thereby effecting prophylaxis of the disorder.

- 60. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said agent induces an immune response directed against a neoepitope formed by said amyloid component with respect to amyloid precursor protein.
- (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said agent is  $A\beta$  or a fragment thereof.
- 62. (New) The method of claim 61, wherein said administering includes administering a second amyloid component.
- 63. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said agent is a peptide linked to a carrier protein.
- 64. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of QS21, monophosphoryl lipid, and alum.
- 65. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said immune response is characterized by a serum titer of the antibodies of at least 1:1000 with respect to said amyloid component.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said serum titer of the antibodies is at least 1:5000 with respect to said amyloid component.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said immune response is characterized by a serum titer of the antibodies corresponding to greater than about four times higher than a serum titer of anti-A $\beta$  antibodies measured in a pre-treatment control serum sample.
- 68. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein said serum titer of the antibodies is measured at a serum dilution of about 1:100.

- 69. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein the disorder is hereditary Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, hereditary cerebral hemorrhage( Dutch type), sporadic cerebral amyloid angiopathy, or inclusion body myositis.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the patient has a known genetic risk of the disorder.
- 71. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein the patient has a known genetic risk of the disorder.